1920 G.B. P. 88

April 2nd (Cont).

Note: An[sic] re-examination of the sandstone stela from B 501 reveals

the fact that the erased name in the speech of Amun (upper scene) is almost certainly Piankhy.

Allowing space for the title "Son of Ra", the line of the cartouche must pass just

Vertical above the small unerased area in which I

[Drawing: Hieroglyphs] believe the upper part of [Drawing] is to be read.

The [Drawing: Hieroglyphs] is also nearly certain. I can

think of no other name which fits the traces left. Now if I remember correctly the name of Piankhy on the Letti stone found by Mr. Crowfoot

is [Drawing: Hieroglyphs]. The style of the reliefs, the forms of the hieroglyphics and the grammatical terms[?] of the language all fit much more agreeable[sic] with the period of the Piankhy than that of Thothmes.

- (1) It appears possible that Piankhy copied/appropriated his titles from the granite stela of Thothmes.
- (2) The name of Piankhy and his figure were erased as in certain other monuments of Piankhy in Egypt but his figure and name were here restored.
 - (a) Either there was a contest for the throne in the reigning Piankhy in which he was temporarily deprived of the control of Napata, and afterwards restored his damaged stela.
 - (b) Or his successor (Shabaka or Shabataka) persecuted his name which was afterwards inadequately restored by a later successor (Tirhaka or Tanutamun).

The inadequacy of the restoration points rather to (b) than to (a).