

1920

G.B.
P. 89

Saturday

April 3rd : --

Locals

100th Day of work : --

Work on (1) B 501 EX 1.

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Apr. 3rd

Work continued as yesterday. Partial clearing of
"S" end of Pylon II B 500 reveals the manner in which
B 501 was built on to the pylon.

[Drawing]

The "SW" corner moulding of Pylon II is clearly
visible at present surface of "S" wall of 501,
concealed in body of the wall. Note that only a
small portion of the original "W" face of Pylon II
has been hidden by the building on of this wall,
probably in order to conceal as little as possible of
the reliefs on Pylon face.

Note: Finished photography of two stelae

between sphinxes and pylon. The lower right

face of the Hariût stela had decayed

beyond recovery. The greatest care in approaching[?]

showed that a large part of the surface had

decayed anciently and that parts of

this anciently decayed surface had again[?]

disintegrated. The text is entirely private

and religious in character but (1) the name

is Khariut or Piankhy-Khariut

[Drawing: Hieroglyphs] or [Drawing: Hieroglyphs]

(2) He was a "son of Aspalta (of his body),"

and "a governor[?] ([Drawing: Hieroglyphs]) of Kanad" ([Drawing: Hieroglyphs])

(3) He had died before his

father and even before his grandmother

Nansalsu (spelled [Drawing: Hieroglyphs]) for both

are entitled [Drawing: Hieroglyphs] "living" in the stela and

(4) it is expressly stated that Aspalta

built the tomb (determ. [Drawing: Hieroglyphs]) of Khariut

and endowed the funerary temple thereof

It is further to be noted that (5) no conclusion can

(5) be drawn as to the age of Khariut and

consequently of his father. Khariut

may have been still a child and only

titulary "governor of Kanad[?]"

(6) That the tomb (pyramid) of Khariut is not